

Norwich Bulletin
and Courier

125 YEARS OLD

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CIRCULATION
WEEK ENDING DEC. 24th, 1921
11,686

WINTER FATALITIES.
The death by drowning of an 18-year-old young man while skating and the killing of a six-year-old through a collision with a vehicle while coasting bring to attention of the year. Safety is something about which too little thought is given until it is too late and yet it is to be realized that there is hardly a community that is not liable to experience similar distressing affairs.

warranted it and about whose reform there may well be ground for insisting upon proof.

Whether there can be furnished the guarantee that will warrant this government in endorsing the reestablishment of trade with soviet Russia is something which will call for something more than assurances or quick conclusions. The world would like to see Russia back on its feet and if the reports concerning government reform are so convincing that steps are being taken in the right direction, and possibly sincerely.

COMMISSIONER DONOHUE'S REAPPOINTMENT.

Almost from the time that Governor Lake took office and it was understood that he would have many appointments to make there has been interest in the action that he would take in regard to compensation commissioner for this district. The job is an important one and among the attractions is the salary and expense allowance that goes with it. It has its responsibilities but it is a nice berth.

Ever since the compensation commission was created Dr. J. J. Donohue of this city has been a member. He is the one medical representative on the board and there were reasons to believe that in view of the satisfactory administration of the duties he would be reappointed even though he is a democrat. Such was the case before and in view of the absence of ground for claims of inefficiency it was the logical course at this time provided the board of commis sloners was to be kept out of politics.

Heretofore has been the policy of the governor to regard the compensation commission in the light of a judicial body, to name new members along the same lines followed in selecting judges for the various courts because of ability and fitness, and by the action of Governor Lake in reappointing Commissioner Donohue for a period of five years from the first of January it becomes evident that he is not disposed to let politics enter into the selection of board members or to have the office kicked about as a political plying. Those serving on the commission are supposed to absent themselves from active partisan politics and the reappointment of a member because of his record in the office and regardless of his political affiliation cannot fall to be regarded as a stand on the part of the chief executive that will be for the benefit of the people of the commonwealth in the administration of this important office. That the governor could not see his way clear to making a change in the office need however have no reflection upon any who may have sought the appointment in case a change was to be made.

FAIL TO RESPECT DANGER.

Whenever authorities have anything to say in regard to the protection of the public at railroad crossings they are forced to declare that it is through elimination that safety can be assured. It is impossible for those sliding to stop and when the drivers of vehicles or trolley cars are given no warning. The time for the exercise of care and the taking of preventive steps is not just as the accident is about to occur but before through the restriction of sliding at such points. Traffic conditions today make safety measures imperative.

A MILLION A DAY.

During the putting into operation of the budget system and the scaling down of federal expenditures there has been a widespread interest on the part of the entire country. It was the most natural thing in the world since it makes a big difference to the individual how great the government expenses are, and the reduction of them means that much desired abolition of taxes in some instances and the lowering of them in others.

The tax revision legislation has been accomplished through the insistence upon retrenchment and the country will not be obliged to provide as much revenue for carrying on federal activities during the coming year as it has been doing in the past.

Nevertheless the work in behalf of reduced government expenses has not ceased. Some years ago congress was told that if it would eliminate the waste it would be possible to save \$300,000,000 a year. That waste was to a large degree due to the system under which business was carried on and it is in this connection that the country is again bound to be interested when it is declared that tentative plans have been presented to the president for an administrative reorganization that is expected to effect a saving of a million a day.

TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

In one respect, that of suffering, it is well known that conditions in Russia have undergone a decided change in the past few years. Russia has always had its misery but today the plight of the people in certain sections of that great country is frightful. Dr. Nansen describes the condition as sickening. In their distress this country is sending relief, but it is help that is going to the people and not to the government.

At this same time we are told that while famine conditions have been getting so much worse that some change of ideas is taking place in the minds of the leaders of the soviet government, that some of the radical policies are being modified, that communism is not much more than a name in comparison with what it was, that restrictions on trading in the country have been removed, that the soviet government is seeing the need of capitalism in lifting the country out of the slough of despond into which communism has plunged it and that the decided changes in policies by the existing government even open the way to trade with other countries which Russia so greatly needs and in which other countries would like to participate.

However, going to the relief of the distressed government that still maintains the same leaders is a decidedly different step than responding to the cry of distress from those who have been forced to starvation by government acts. It was not so long ago that Great Britain entered trade relations with Russia only to find the Russian promises were empty ones. It was not so long ago that Russia was referred to as an "economic vacuum" and there are good reasons why due care should be used in placing confidence in a government which has hitherto not

FROM LUCILLE'S DIARY

Sometimes I am really shocked at the way everybody in our family imposes upon dear Cousin Fannie. For instance this morning when she was sitting here comfortably at home working on the dotted swiss frock she is making for me. Betty telephoned to ask her to go out to her house, because she had a dreadful headache, and her maid Molly had been called to the country to take care of a sick mother. Fortunately, I was the one to answer, and I told Betty that it would be impossible for Cousin Fannie to go. I decided to protect her for once. "Oh, dear," moaned Betty, "I can hardly sit up even to phone and I have a man here cleaning house, and I just don't know what to do!"

"Don't worry, dear," I said soothingly. "I'll run right out to help you myself. I can go just as well as not."

I did not get to her house quite so soon as I expected for I found that Cousin Fannie was to reach my dress in time for the May party tomorrow night she would have to fit it again.

Famous Trials

TRIAL OF CHARLES PEACE

A strange mixture of criminal and gentleman was the notorious English burglar and cracksmen of the 19th century, Charles Peace. In England, at the present time, he is made a hero, thanks to the boys' periodicals, and thrilling are his escapades and daring robberies. Perhaps if he had had a better upbringing his genius would have been turned in other channels, for by his own confession, he started his career of crime at the age of 10, when he pretended a spell of faintness in the street and relieved the benevolent gentleman who assisted him, of his watch and chain.

Peace was finally hanged in Armley Jail, outside of Leeds, the principal town of Yorkshire, for the murder of a Mr. Dyson, who had been shot in Battercross on Nov. 29, 1878. It was two years later that Peace paid the penalty for the crime. While robbing a house in Battercross on Nov. 17, 1878, he was apprehended by a constable, at whom he fired six shots, severely wounding him.

Peace's life, from the time of the murder, had been a career extraordinary. From Sheffield he went in turn to Nottingham, London, Greenwich and then to Peckham. At every place he stayed there were considerable depredations, which were thought to be the work of the extremely clever gangster took nothing but the best of things. Musical instruments were his choice, for Peace always loved a "bit of music." He was a clever violinist, and on the night of his arrest gave a musical treat to the police in Peckham. He himself played to the "exclusive" for over an hour on a valuable violin that he had stolen from a house in Lambeth. When the guests were dispersed, he stole the violin and his vocation of thief at St. James Park, Blackheath, where he was caught.

Peace was first tried for the attempted murder of the constable, for the police did not recognize the offender of Mr. Dyson. Peace having stained his face with walnut juice, saying he was a mutt from the United States. At the Central Criminal Court he was committed to penal servitude for life on the charges of burglary and feloniously shooting a constable while in the discharge of his duty.

Peace, for his defense, said that he had only fired about four shots and that the revolver, the latest pattern from America, had accidentally gone off, it being strapped to his wrist. From his defense he threw himself on the mercy of the court and pleaded for his life.

"I feel that I have disgraced myself, I am not fit either to live or to die. I am not prepared to meet my God, or my Lord, do have mercy on me—do give me one chance of repenting and of preparing myself to meet my God. Do, my Lord, have mercy upon me and I am sure you will never regret it." "I pray and beseech you, please do have mercy on me."

Notwithstanding his eloquent appeal, he was sentenced. Later a habeas corpus writ having been granted he was sent to Sheffield to appear before the stipendiary magistrate. Peace complained that he was hot, and when one of the wardens opened the window he dove head first through it, while the train was going between 40 and 50 miles an hour. Later when the train was stopped the warden found him two miles back, lying in the blood-stained snow, unconscious.

It was then that Peace was suspected of the murder of Dyson. On the 4th of February he was tried at Leeds Assizes. He was found guilty of the murder of Dyson Battercross, and was sentenced to death.

On Nov. 25, 1878, he was executed at Armley Jail, Leeds. Before his death he made a full confession and died in the odor of sanctity, forgiving all his enemies. He also confessed to the murder of a policeman at Whitley Range, near Manchester, for which crime a man named Habron was sentenced to death but was reprieved later. Account of his youth. Peace said he was in the court when the young man was sentenced.

So Charles Peace, musician, art connoisseur, gentleman, and criminal, "hanged by the neck till dead," and it was with a sigh of relief that the police really assured themselves that this was a fact, for for 20 years he kept the best sleuths of England at bay and made the law look like a plaything.

The fellow who has to swing the snow shovel isn't mourning over the light snow fall thus far during the winter season.

Of course with the removal of the transportation tax the first of the year everyone will rush to ride on the railroads.

Burning a new Fall River school house doesn't please the taxpayers but the pupils are probably not red-eyed from crying.

We don't hear any complaint about the motor vehicle commissioner's office being kept too busy issuing 1922 auto markers.

There will be a small army in Washington that will welcome the resumption of the New Year's reception by President and Mrs. Harding.

If the rights of all other nations are respected by each and everyone it wouldn't make any difference if the submarines were abolished. No nation would have any use for them.

Possibly the mayor of Chicago is correct when he says the city is fairly dry, but the mayor of Boston does well to say nothing with 213 arrests for intoxication on Sunday, Christmas day.

READ YOUR CHARACTER

By Higby Phillips,
Copyrighted 1921

The Double Chin

The double chin is the sign of the practical philosopher, as distinguished from the person whose mentality soars into the contemplation of the abstract, and the person who is favored with an excess of energy or cursed with impatience.

In short, the double chin is one of the signs which indicate the so-called "vital" character, with a physique which is strong primarily in the constitutional sense, and which may or may not have muscular strength.

It is also one of those indications of character which are the result of character in the individual rather than inherited with it. It's quite simple. The double chin is the result of good feeding and placidity, neither one of which things is to be associated with other the non-energetic and impatient type of mankind. At least the placidity is not.

The energetic, active person may eat well, but the placidity and evenness of heart do not produce a double chin except, perhaps in old age. And at this period do not the impatient "dicks" become more thoughtful and less patient? In short, do they not approximate a change in character?

Double-chinned people may be hard workers, but they work for the sake of the results, not so much for the joy of the work. Or to put it more accurately they find it easier to take 5-7 in the work which brings in tangible and measurable beneficial results, and not for the mere sake of exercising their talents.

Stories That Recall Others

It Sounded Excessive.

An accountant, who is of English birth, says that when he arrived in the United States several years ago, he did not propose to permit himself to be imposed upon.

When he landed he gave his hand baggage to a porter to carry to a hotel. He asked the porter what the charge was for carrying the baggage, after they reached the hotel.

"Two bits, sir," said the traveler. "I'm not a great Englishman, like you think I am. I know your tricks. I'm going to give you 50 cents and you'll have to be satisfied with that. It's all you get."

They Often Are.

The new baby was the source of great interest to the youngsters of the neighborhood. Although he was only two days old, the pleadings of one little girl finally won her permission to take "just one little look" at the baby.

She tiptoed to the side of the crib and inspected the child carefully. Finally she forgot her promise not to talk or make a noise.

"My," she exclaimed, "ain't he full bloated?"

CONDUCTOR AND ENGINEER RESPONSIBLE FOR F. & R. WRECK

Washington, Dec. 29.—All the safeguards provided for the operation of trains were "rendered ineffective by the part of the employees involved, misunderstanding of operating rules and improper practices" on December 8 last, when two Philadelphia and Reading trains met in a head-on collision near Woodmont, Pa., according to the report given out today by safety inspectors of the Interstate Commerce Commission. In the accident 27 passengers and employees were killed and 70 injured.

"This accident," the report said, "was caused by the failure of Conductor Evans and Engineer Yeakel, of train number 131, to obey train order No. 11 directing them to meet train No. 154 at Bryn Athyn, also by their failure to observe

Former Member of The Philadelphia Health Department Strongly Endorses Wincarnis

Says: "It would be hard to write a better prescription."

"For persons who are weak, anemic, nervous and run-down, it would be hard to write a better prescription than Wincarnis," said Dr. George M. Lipinski recently. Dr. Lipinski is an ex-member of the Philadelphia Department of Health and is well known in Philadelphia where he has practiced his profession for many years.

"It is an established medical fact," said the doctor in discussing the subject, "that in almost every case of weakness, anemia, nervousness and run-down vitality, there is a shortage in the body of several mineral elements which are absolutely necessary in the creation of vital power, to make the blood rich and red—to maintain strong, steady nerves—and to promote a continuous supply of bodily strength and endurance."

"The mineral elements required by the body to create vital power are, particularly, iron, calcium, potassium, sodium and phosphorus. When there is a shortage of these elements the body is deprived of the means of renewing the vital energy which is expended daily, with the result that the strength of the body diminishes—the blood becomes impoverished, the nerves become shaky and the vitality becomes run-down."

"It cannot be too strongly emphasized that it is absolutely impossible for weak, anemic, nervous and run-down persons to regain health, vigor and en-

durance unless they supply to the body sufficient of those mineral elements that are necessary to create vitality, energy, to make the blood rich and red to strengthen the nerves and to promote renewed vigor, vitality and endurance."

"Wincarnis contains these vitally necessary mineral elements in remarkably suitable proportions and in an agreeable form, and that is why I maintain that it would be hard to write a better prescription than Wincarnis for persons who are weak, anemic, nervous, and run-down."

Dr. Lipinski is not the only physician who has acknowledged that it would be hard to write a better prescription than Wincarnis. And one other important point, that many physicians recognize is that no drug-rapist could readily put up such a prescription as Wincarnis. The reason is that he would not have on hand and it would be extremely difficult for him to procure all of the ingredients used in making up Wincarnis.

Wincarnis is put up in two sizes—\$1.10 and \$1.55. It is sold in Norwich by National Drug Stores, Main and Shetucket Streets, and all first-class druggists. With free instruction booklet. "Hundred percent Health How to obtain it" to Edward Lassarre Inc., Dept. J, 400 West 23rd Street, New York, U. S. Agents for Wincarnis.

side and leather market. Mr. Healy says that farmers can only get five or six cents per pound for cattle hide; some other important items, and the skinned animal is still very high in price.

It is necessary to show some people the open door in order to shut them up.

Feet Drag?

When it is an effort to drag one foot after the other, when you are always tired and seem lacking in strength and endurance, when aches and pains rack the body, it is well to look for symptoms of kidney trouble.

Foley Kidney Pills

banish effects of kidney and bladder trouble by removing the cause. They are healing and curative. They tone up and strengthen the weakened or diseased organs. They relieve backache, rheumatic pains, stiff joints, sore muscles.

W. W. Wells, Toluque, Mich., writes: "I got great relief from taking Foley Kidney Pills. I am on my feet most of the time and get tired out. After taking Foley Kidney Pills, they make me feel like a new man. I recommend them to my customers and never have heard of any case where they did not give satisfaction."

LEE & OSGOOD CO.

THE 12TH ANNUAL MEETING of the Mutual Assurance Co. of the City of Norwich will be held at the Norwich Savings Society MONDAY, Jan. 9th, 1922, at 10 a. m.

NOTICE TO POLICY HOLDERS. Policies will be renewed at the Norwich Savings Society on presentation, Dec. 31st. C. R. BUTTS, Treasurer.

OH, WHAT AN OVERCOAT SALE

—NOW—
\$17.90
23 OVERCOATS, WERE \$25.00
32 OVERCOATS, WERE \$30.00
14 OVERCOATS, WERE \$35.00

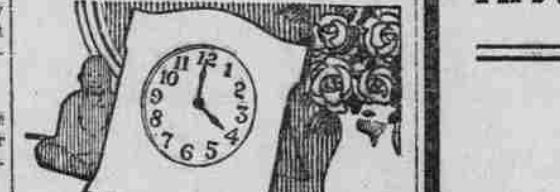
MEN FROM EVERYWHERE ARE BUYING THEIR OVERCOATS IN THIS BIG SALE. THEY KNOW VALUE! THEY WANT LOW PRICES—WE'RE GIVING IT TO THEM! NEVER BEFORE IN OUR HISTORY HAVE WE MADE SUCH DRASTIC PRICE REDUCTION.

SHOES

For Women, Men, Boys and Children
AS TO PRICES, QUALITY, VALUE-GIVING, POSITIVELY UNMATCHED ANYWHERE ELSE TODAY.

BROOKLYN OUTFITTERS

"THE STORE THAT SATISFIES"
266-270 Main Street
Norwich, Conn.



In the afternoon stretch between meals

there is often felt the need of refreshment. For a quickly made and beneficial "pick-me-up," try a steaming cup of fragrant Lipton's Tea.

It will go to the spot as nothing else will—and there's no "come back" except the "come back for more."

To get the full benefit of freshness, flavor, and aroma, be sure to use

LIPTON'S TEA

Largest Sale in the World